

COAL MINERS TO COME

Representatives of miners' unions in the anthracite fields of Pennsylvania, headed by James Matthews, president of District No. 9, and a delegation representing the United Mine Workers, headed by Frank Hays, president, have been called here to confer with Fuel Administrator Garfield and Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Labor, concerning equalization of wage schedules in the anthracite fields. The mine men will see Garfield and Wilson Tuesday.

POWER MEASURE PUSHED IN HOUSE

Chairman Sims, of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, served notice on the House today that he would object to unanimous consent for consideration of any other measure or subject until the emergency power bill was disposed of.

Coal production is involved, administration leaders said, because it is proposed under the bill to greatly develop the electric power so essential to coal mining by establishing centrally located power plants in the coal regions.

Republican opponents of the bill, while conceding that eventually it will be passed in amended form, regard the measure as giving the President too much latitude in extending Government control or ownership to the duration of the war and demobilization period, and it is on this phase that the fight has centered.

OFFERS U-BOAT ALIBI

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.—Declaring the German submarine campaign has not failed, Captain von Mantey, of the German admiralty, speaking at Dortmund, Westphalia, explained that the reason for America's success in landing so many troops in France is that she has seized neutral shipping.

"We will get square with America," he is quoted as having said, "in Flanders."

The number of submarines Germany loses each month is five.

THE TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

My Fellow Citizens: I am not here to promote the loan. That will be done—ably and enthusiastically done—by the hundreds of thousands of loyal and tireless men and women who have undertaken to present it to you and to our fellow citizens throughout the country, and I have not the least doubt of their complete success, for I know their spirit and the spirit of the country. My confidence is confirmed, too, by the thoughtful and experienced cooperation of the bankers here and everywhere, who are lending their invaluable aid and guidance. I have come, rather, to seek an opportunity to present to you some thoughts, which I trust will serve to give you, in perhaps fuller measure than before, a vivid sense of the great issues involved, in order that you may appreciate and accept with added enthusiasm the grave significance of the duty of supporting the Government by your men and your means to the utmost point of sacrifice and self-denial. No man or woman who has really taken in what this war means can hesitate to give to the very limit of what they have, and it is my mission here tonight to try to make it clear once more what the war really means. You will need no other stimulation or reminder of your duty.

League of Nations Essential.

That price is impartial justice in every item of the settlement, no matter how small, is a principle, and not only impartial justice, but also the satisfaction of the several peoples whose fortunes are dealt with. That indispensable instrumentality is a league of nations formed under covenants that will be efficacious. Without such an instrumentality, by which the peace of the world can be guaranteed, peace will rest in part upon the world of outlaws and only upon that world. For Germany will have to redeem her character, not by the payment of the peace table, but by what follows.

War of Peoples.

At every turn of the war we gain fresh consciousness of what we mean to accomplish by it. When our hope and expectation are most excited we think more definitely than before of the issues that hang upon it and of the purposes which we are realizing by means of it. For it has positive and well-defined purposes which we did not determine and which we cannot alter. No statesman or assembly created them; no statesman or assembly can alter them. They have arisen out of the very nature and circumstances of the war. The most that statesmen or assemblies can do is to carry them out or be beaten to them. They were perhaps not clear at the outset, but they are clear now. The war has lasted more than four years and the whole world has been drawn into it. The common will of mankind has been substituted for the particular purposes of individual states. Individual statesmen may have started the conflict, but neither they nor their opponents can stop it as they please. It has become a peoples' war, and peoples of all sorts and races, of every degree of power and variety of fortune, are involved in its sweeping processes of change and settlement.

We came into it when its character had become fully defined and it was plain that no nation could be apart or indifferent to its outcome. Its challenge drove to the heart of everything we cared for and lived for. The voice of the war had become clear and gripped our hearts. Our brothers from many lands, as well as our own murdered, dead under the sea, were calling to us, and we responded, sorely and of course.

Issues of the War.

The air was clear about us. We saw things in their full, convincing proportions as they were, and we have seen them with steady eyes and unchanging comprehension ever since. We accepted the issues of the war as facts, not as any group of men either here or elsewhere had defined them, and we can accept no outcome which does not squarely meet and settle them. Those issues are these:

First—The military power of any nation or group of nations is suffered to determine the fortune of peoples over whom they have no right to rule except the right of force?

Second—No people or group of peoples shall be ruled and dominated, even in their own internal affairs, by arbitrary and irresponsible force or by their own will and choice?

Third—There shall be a common standard of right and privilege for all peoples and nations, and the strong shall not oppress the weak and the weak shall suffer with-out redress?

Fourth—The assertion of right be hounded and by canon or alliance or shall there be a common consent to oblige the observance of common rights?

Weak Must Be Protected.

No man, no group of men, chose these to be the issues of the struggle. They are the issues of it; and they must be settled—by no arrangement or compromise or adjustment of interests, but definitely and once for all and with a full and unqualified acceptance of the principle that the interest of the weakest is as sacred as the interest of the strongest.

This is what we mean when we speak of a permanent peace, if we speak sincerely, intelligently, and with a real knowledge and comprehension of the matter we deal with. We are all agreed that there can be no peace obtained by any kind of bargain or compromise with the governments of the central empires, because we have dealt with them already and have seen them deal with other governments that they were parties to this struggle, at Brest-Litovsk and elsewhere. They have convinced us that they are without honor and do not intend justice. They observe no covenants, accept no principle but force and their own interest. We cannot "come to terms" with them. They have made it impossible. The German people must by this time be fully aware that we cannot accept the word of those who forced this war upon us. We do not think the same thoughts or speak the same language of agreement.

It is of capital importance that we should also be explicitly agreed that no peace shall be obtained by any kind of compromise or adjustment of interests, but definitely and once for all and with a full and unqualified acceptance of the principle that the interest of the weakest is as sacred as the interest of the strongest.

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vert unless it be willfully. I am bound to fight for them, and I am bound to fight for them as time and circumstance have revealed them to me as to all the world. Our enthusiasm for them grows more and more irresistible as they stand out in more and more vivid and unmistakable outline.

World Opinion Clarified.

And the forces that fight for them draw into closer and closer array, organize their millions into more and more unconquerable might, as they become more and more distinct to the thought and purpose of the peoples engaged. It is the peculiarity of this great war that while statesmen have seemed to shift about for definitions of their purpose and have sometimes seemed to shift their ground and their point of view, the thought of the mass of men, whom statesmen are supposed to instruct and lead, has grown more and more unclouded, more and more certain of what it is that they are fighting for. National purposes have fallen more and more into the background and the common purpose of enlightened mankind has taken their place.

The counsels of plain men have become more and more simple and straightforward and more unified than the counsels of sophisticated men of affairs, who still retain the impression that they are playing a game of power and playing for high stakes. That is why I have said that this is a peoples' war, not a statesman's. Statesmen must follow the clarified common thought or be broken.

Need to Avow Aims.

I take that to be the significance of the fact that assemblies and associations of many kinds made up of plain workaday people have demanded, almost every time they came together, and are still demanding that the leaders of their governments declare to them plainly what it is, exactly what it is, that they were seeking in this war, and what they think the items of the final settlement should be. They are not yet satisfied with what they have been told. They still seem to fear that they are getting what they ask for only in the name of the final settlement. They are not yet satisfied with what they have been told. They still seem to fear that they are getting what they ask for only in the name of the final settlement.

Victories Winning Peace.

But I for one am glad to attempt the answer again and again, in the hope that I may make it clearer and clearer that my one thought is to satisfy those who struggle in the ranks and are, perhaps above all others, entitled to a reply whose meaning no one can have any excuse for misunderstanding, if he understands the language in which it is spoken or can get some one to translate it correctly into his own. And I believe that the leaders of the governments with which we are associated will speak, as they have occasion to do so plainly, as I have tried to speak. I hope that they will feel free to say whether they think that I am in any degree mistaken in my interpretation of the issues involved or in my purpose with regard to the means by which a satisfactory settlement of those issues may be obtained. Unity of purpose and of counsel are imperatively necessary in this war as was unity of command in the battlefield; and with perfect unity of purpose and counsel will come assurance of complete victory. It can be had in no other way. "Peace drives" can be effectively neutralized and silenced only by showing that every victory of the nations associated against Germany brings the nations nearer the sort of peace which will bring security and reassurance to all peoples and make the recurrence of another such struggle of pitiless force and bloodshed forever impossible, and that nothing else can. Germany is constantly making the "terms" she will accept; and always finds that the world does not want terms. It wishes the final triumph of justice and fair dealing.

COMMISSION D. C. BOYS

Two Washington boys, both under twenty-one years of age, have been commissioned second lieutenants in the army at Camp Perry, Ohio. Jerome Ruppert, nineteen-year-old son of John H. Ruppert, of 251 N. street northwest, and James Sullivan, nineteen-year-old son of Mr. Mary C. Sullivan, of 35 N. street northwest, were awarded commissions as second lieutenants, after two months intensive training in Camp Perry, Ohio.

Both boys were students at St. John's College at the time of enlistment in the student army training corps, and were commissioned with the cadets at that school.

GIBBONS TO CONFIRM 300

Cardinal Gibbons will administer the sacrament of confirmation to a class of 300 children at a solemn high mass at St. Martin's Church, North Capitol and T streets northwest, tomorrow morning, and will also deliver the sermon. Mass will be celebrated at 11 o'clock, the Rev. John J. Murray, of Baltimore, being the celebrant. He will be assisted by the Rev. Francis X. Cavanaugh, of the Catholic University, as deacon, and the Rev. Maurice B. Alexander, of St. Martin's, as subdeacon.

The Rev. Eugene A. Hannan, rector of St. Martin's, and the Rev. Michael J. Riordan, rector of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, will be assistants to the cardinal, with the Rev. William J. Carroll, of St. Paul's, as master of ceremonies.

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The Fourth Liberty Loan Drive Starts Today!

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I CAN dispose of that home for you in short order. The demands of my customers exceed the supply. List them today.

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JIMINEZ ATTACKED BY 1,000 VILLISTAS

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 28.—Villa, after having been driven out of the town by General Amaro's forces Sunday night, returned today to attack Jiminez, Chihuahua. Having obtained re-inforcements from the mountains, he attacked Amaro's forces with 1,000 men.

CANDY RATIONS FOR YANK DOUGHBOYS

Candy hereafter will be part of the American soldier's ration abroad.

A new ration system provides that one-half pound of chocolates and hard candies shall be issued every ten days to every soldier.

No Rum Issued.

The candy issue and a new issue of soluble coffee for first line troops, are indirectly linked with the liquor question. Candy generates a very small amount of alcohol in the system; coffee gives a stimulation which allied troops obtain by "rum" issues.

The Stars and Stripes says an official report emphasized the desirability of the candy ration and supplying of soluble coffee. The report pointed out that in addition to the alcoholic content, much of the wine troops drink is objectionable because of impurities. The soluble coffee contains a high percentage of caffeine and affords an admirable stimulant for troops in the front trenches.

More Beans Allowed.

Other changes are being made in the standard rations. The beans allowance is increased to four ounces, with insurance restricted to four days in ten. Cheese has been added; milk has been slightly increased; the ration of beef, bacon, fresh pork, canned or Vienna sausages and canned or dried fish can be substituted for the fresh beef issue to give variety.

ROBERT CALLAHAN DIES

Robert Callahan, sixty-eight years old, died yesterday of paralysis. He had been ill since last June.

Mr. Callahan was born in Fredericksburg, Va., and came to Washington about sixty years ago. He was vice president of the Lincoln National Bank and a member of the Old Men's Association. At one time he owned the Metropolitan Hotel.

He is survived by one son, Capt. Robert Callahan, Jr., who is in the Intelligence Division of the War Department, and two daughters, Mrs. H. G. Thyson, Jr., and Mrs. Colin E. McCoy.

Funeral services will be held Monday morning from his home, 1713 S. street northwest. Services will be held in St. Paul's Church, with interment in St. Mary's Cemetery at Laurel, Md.

3 SLACKERS LOSE OUT

CAMP MEADE, Md., Sept. 28.—Three "conscientious objectors," evading service, recently have been transferred to combatant units.

Data is being accumulated that may be of value after the war when the question is taken up as to what rights shall be accorded those who do not believe in defending the nation that defends their rights.

One shrewd slacker ventured the suggestion that he would not mind three years in prison, but he seemed alarmed when ten years' penalty was mentioned.

The three self-called objectors who have now been transferred to combatant duty were holding out for some kind of compromise, such as serving on a farm or in a non-combatant branch of the army.

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I CAN dispose of that home for you in short order. The demands of my customers exceed the supply. List them today.

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Doughboys Trained To Conserve Fuel In Foreign Lands

How carefully our doughboys in France and other foreign lands are trained in the conservation of fuel for cooking and heating purposes is evidenced by an order, made public today, by the War Department.

For troops not in the trenches, one and one-half pounds of coal and two pounds of wood per man per day are allowed in summer months; in winter the allowance is one and one-half pounds of coal and two and a half pounds of wood.

For the men in the trenches the issue is two pounds of coke and half a pound of charcoal in summer, and three pounds of coke and one pound of charcoal in winter.

By careful management, this issue of fuel is sufficient to cover cooking, warming buildings, washing, etc.

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On Albemarle St. (Chevy Chase), 1/2 square west of Connecticut ave. cars. Particularly good car service here.

Hollow tile construction; 10 rooms, embracing large living room with open fireplace; hardwood finish; parlor, kitchen, dining room, 4 bedrooms and large room over entire house; modern bath with built-in tub; also toilet in cellar; two large screened porches. Entire house fitted with screens and awnings and exterior shutters. Hot-water heat, electric light, gas range; garden; garage; fruit trees; grape arbor. House not yet a year old.

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This Is a Real Comfortable Home At 1503 E St. S. E. 6 rooms and bath, good cellar, furnace heat, front and back porch, alley in rear.

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New Houses Just Completed at 225 12th Street S. E. YOU had better act quickly if you want one of these large 6-room houses. Tiled bath, good cellar, double rear porches, hardwood floors, and trim. Vapor heat, laundry tubs, gas and electricity. Double garages opening on 30 ft. paved alley.

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COLUMBIA HEIGHTS A 3 story and cellar brick. Heated by hot water. Located on Columbia road. 9 rooms and bath. \$8,000.00

PETI-WORTH A semi-detached brick. 6 rooms and bath. Hot water heat—Electric. Side yard and light. Colonial porch. \$6,250.00

TAKOMA PARK A beautiful detached home. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. 9 rooms and 2 baths. Spacious grounds with lots of shade. Electric lights. \$7,350.00

HOLMEAD MANOR Just north of Columbia Heights. A modern home. Hot water heat—electric lights. 6 rooms and bath. \$5,500.00

NEAR SOLDIERS' HOME A 2 story Colonial brick. 6 rooms and bath. Adjoining a beautiful park. Very attractive terms. \$3,500.00

Wm. H. Saunders & Co. 807 15th Street N. W. Main 1016

Your First Duty Today: Buy Liberty Bonds Of the 4th Big Drive After You Have Done That: See Us About These Homes

214 2d St. N. E. Riverdale Park 10 rooms and bath, hot water heat. Good condition. A bargain at \$7,000. Terms.

1707 13th St. N. W. 76 K St. N. E. 10 rooms and bath, good condition, \$5,000, bargain. Terms arranged. 6 rooms and bath, in excellent condition. Cannot be duplicated for \$2,750. Good terms.

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Don't forget the 4th Liberty Loan Drive